

Suprex® RS-485 SPX-7500 Wired Reader-Extender

Product Manual





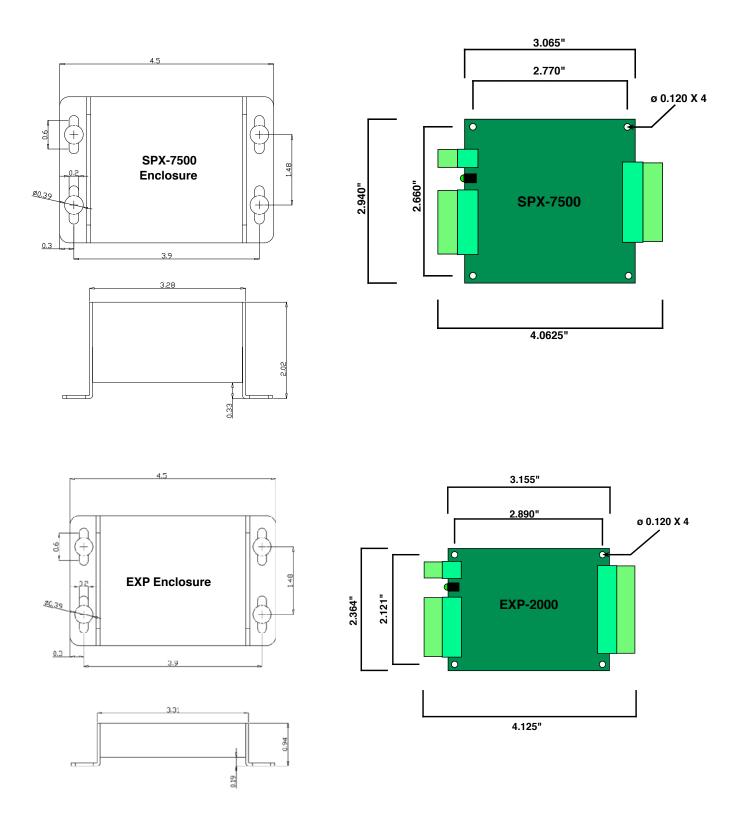
Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - SPX-7500 Overview

The Suprex® RS-485 SPX-7500 series makes it possible to install card readers far from the access control panel, by providing a two-wire RS-485 link between the door or gate readers, and most manufacturers' panels. The Suprex® includes both a Remote (door/gate) unit and a Central (Controller) unit. Optional repeaters and extenders are also available. The SPX-7500 series devices are compatible with the EXP-2000 expansion modules.

Specifications					
Part Numbers	SPX-7500	816684003240	RS-485 Reader-Extender (pair of Central and Remote units)		
	SPX-7500C	816684001666	RS-485 Reader-Extender (Central unit only)		
	SPX-7500R	816684001659	RS-485 Reader-Extender (Remote unit only)		
	EXP-2000	816684003233	Optional expansion modules to connect additional readers		
Physical	SPX-7500 Enclosure		4.50" x 3.07" x 2.02" / 0.445 lbs (diagram below)		
	EXP-2000 Enclosure		4.50" x 2.83" x 0.94" / 0.3 lbs (diagram below)		
Environmental	Storage Temperature		-40°C to 100°C		
	Operating Temperature		-30°C to 60°C		
Electrical	Central and Remote Supply Voltage		8-16Vdc Current 300mA		
	Relays	Max Switching	220Vdc 30W (resistive) 1A / 250Vac 37.5VA 1A		
		Running Spec with load	30Vdc 1A (resistive) / 125 Vac 0.3A (resistive), 1x10 ⁵ operations @ 20°C		
Data I/O	Interface		Wiegand (maximum 248 bits - pass through), Strobed (Clock & Data), F/2F (Unsupervised), LED 0-30V		
Range and Cable Requirements	Typical range of 4000 ft.		22 AWG, Shielded, Twisted Pair		
Additional Features	SPX-7500 includes complete solution with Central (panel) and Remote (reader/gate/door) interface				
	On board relays to control door/gate				
	Auxiliary I/O available for LED signal and door/gate/panel status signal				
	Status LED and Supervision Relay (default off) monitor connection status				

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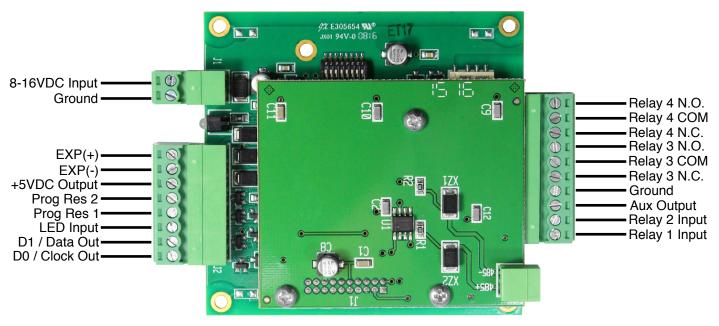
Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Physical Dimensions and Mounting Hole Locations



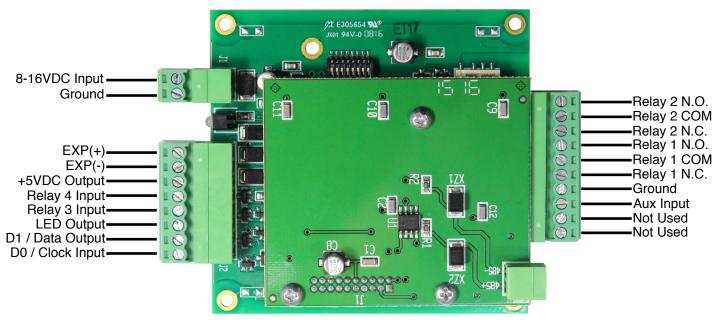
All dimensions are listed in inches.

Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Central and Remote Pin Layout

SPX-7500 Central



SPX-7500 Remote



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Setup and Pre-installation

Unpacking:

Remove Central and Remote units from from the packaging material and check interior for any shipping damage. Inventory any included parts (depending on model) such as terminal connectors.

Bench Testing:

Before installing the units in the field they should be assembled and tested at a convenient bench top location. This will make it easier to verify / change settings and check operation when both units are visible at the same time.

It is also a chance to become familiar with the system if this is the first time using the Suprex system. It is much more difficult to set up and test the units when they are several thousand feet apart.

Both units will need to be connected with two conductors (see image below) and each will need to be powered by a suitable power supply. For testing purposes, the units can share the same power supply.

Basic Bench Test:

During initial setup, refer to the Run / Configuration mode settings (pgs 7-9).

- 1. Connect a suitable power supply to both units. Each unit should be provided with 8 16 Volts dc and approx 300mA. Units should be separated by a minimum of 24 inches.
- 2. Apply power. After about a 1-2 second delay both units Diagnostic LED should be flashing green. The supervision relay (Relay 3) activates when the units are communicating. Note: Supervision relay is disabled by default (see pgs. 7-9).
- 3. Touch a jumper wire from the Ground connection to the Relay 1 input on the Central unit. Relay 1 on the Remote unit should activate with an audible click.
- 4. Units are shipped from the factory set for the Wiegand data format. If a different format is required, set the DIP switch to the required reader and panel format (see pgs. 7-9)
- 5. If a reader & panel are accessible, connect the reader to the Remote unit & the Central unit to the panel to verify card reads are accepted by the access control system. If troubleshooting is necessary, it is easier with units in close proximity.
- 6. Once these steps are completed, the units are ready for installation at their permanent locations.

Final Field Installation Checklist:

- The Central unit and access control panel should have a common ground.
- The Remote unit and card reader should have a common ground.
- The RS-485 connection between the Central and Remote unit is straight through, and not reversed.



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Indicators and Operating Modes

LED DIAGNOSTIC INDICATOR

The LED Diagnostic indicator provides information on the operational status of the unit.

If the units are not communicating, viewing the diagnostic indicator LEDs may help to determine the nature of the problem. See also Troubleshooting, page 13.

If Central or Remote diagnostic LED is not illuminated:

If the LED(s) are not illuminated on the unit(s), the unit is not powered or there is an electrical problem. When power is properly applied, the Diagnostic LEDs will be illuminated to show a status below:

If the Central and Remote unit LEDs are flashing green:

When power is properly applied, and there is communication between the Central and the Remote, the Central and Remote unit LEDs will flash green after every polling cycle. The speed will depend on how many expansion units are connected (about 1 flash per second with 7 EXPs).

If the Central or Remote unit LED alternates between green/red:

There is no communication with the partner unit.

If the Central or Remote unit LEDs are solid green:

If the unit is in Configuration Mode, the settings have been successfully applied, it is safe to power cycle the unit and switch back to Run Mode. If the unit is in Run Mode, one of the EXPs is not communicating properly. Check that all connected EXPs are powered and properly connected. (For details on setting Configuration Mode, see pgs. 7-9.)

OPERATING MODES

Wired Suprex products have 3 operating modes: Run Mode, Configuration Mode, and Test Mode.

- Run Mode: The units are factory-shipped in Run Mode. Run Mode is used during field operation of units.
 Run Mode allows changing of common settings without the need to power-cycle the units. Factory-set defaults can be changed. Default settings:
 - Units are set to operate as 1 Remote and 1 Central unit
 - · Supervision relay is disabled
 - · Pullup resistors are disabled
 - Number of EXP Expansion Modules is set to 0
- **Configuration Mode:** Switch to Configuration Mode to change the link type and interface type. Default settings:
 - · Default interface type is Wiegand
 - · Link type is pre-set based on the Suprex model
- **Test Mode:** Test Mode is used for troubleshooting the reader/panel connection to the Remote/Central unit. In Test Mode, DIP Switches 3-8 operate as if in Run Mode. Either a single unit or both units can be set to Test Mode; the Remote and Central units retain all their normal functionality in addition to the following functions:
 - In Test Mode, the Central unit outputs a test card read in the selected interface type every few seconds
 - In Test Mode, the Remote unit briefly triggers Relay 2 when detecting data of the selected interface type

Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Common Configuration and Run Mode Settings

Configuration Mode settings

Standard Wiegand interface is the default setting. To use with non-Wiegand interface:

- a) Power off both Suprex units.
- b) Turn on DIP switch 1 on both units.
- c) Set DIP switches as described below for appropriate interface:

Default: Standard Wiegand	Turn on DIP switch 8 on both units
Keypad (Wiegand/No Filter)	Turn on DIP switch 7 on both units
F/2F (Unsupervised)	Turn on DIP switches 6, 7, 8 on both units
Strobed Rising Edge (MR-5)	Turn on DIP switches 7 and 8 on both units
Strobed Rising Edge (Dorado 644)	Turn on DIP switch 6 on both units
Strobed Rising (MagTek)	Turn on DIP switches 6 and 8 on both units
Strobed Falling Edge	Turn on DIP switches 6 and 7 on both units

- d) Power on both Suprex units. Status LED should be solid green.
- e) Power off both Suprex units; return DIP switch 1 to **off** position on both units to select Run Mode settings. *When switching to Run Mode, always reselect Run Mode settings.*

Run Mode settings

Select Run Mode settings as described below, then power on both Suprex units to begin operating in Run Mode.

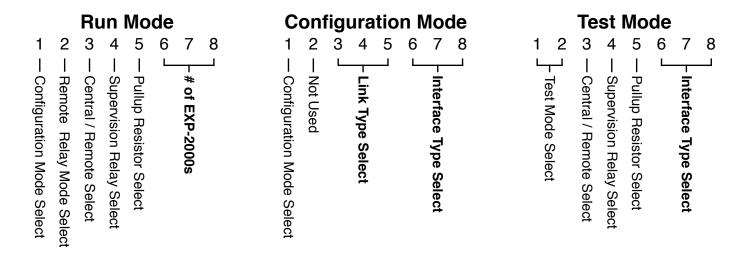
Central / Remote Select	Turn DIP switch 3 on for Central Mode / turn off for Remote Mode
Remote Digital/Analog Relay Select	Turn Remote Unit's DIP switch 2 on for digital input / off for analog input
Supervision Relay (Relay 3, Central Unit)	Turn Central Unit's DIP switch 4 on for supervision relay / off for normal relay
Supervision Relay (Relay 1, Remote Unit)	Turn Remote Unit's DIP switch 4 on for supervision relay / off for normal relay
Pullup Resistor Select	Turn on DIP switch 5 to enable pullup resistors / off to disable [applicable units)
EXP Select (for no EXP)	Turn off DIP switches, 6, 7, and 8 on both units
EXP Select (for 1 EXP)	Turn on DIP switch 8 on both units
EXP Select (for 2 EXPs)	Turn on DIP switch 7 on both units
EXP Select (for 3-7 EXPs)	See pg. 9

Test Mode setting

See page 13 to troubleshoot using Test Mode.

Test Mode Select	Turn DIP switch 2 on for Remote &/or Central
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Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - SPX-7500 DIP Switch Map



Configuration Mode Select - ON = Configuration Mode - OFF = Run Mode

Remote Relay Mode Select - ON = Digital Input - OFF = Analog Input

Central / Remote Select - ON = Central - OFF = Remote

Supervision Relay Select - ON = Enable Supervision Relay - OFF = Disable Supervision Relay

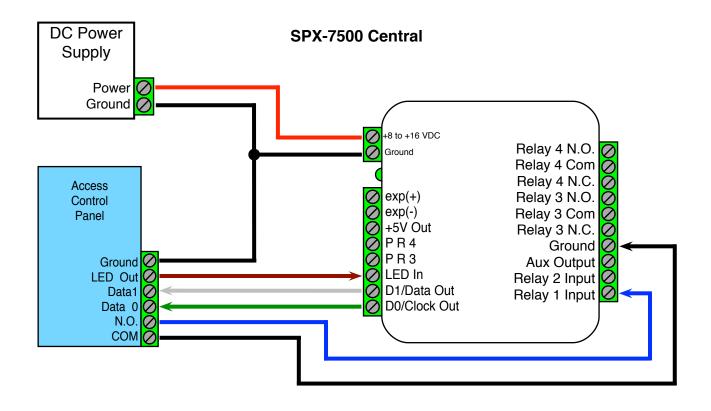
Pullup Resistor Select - ON = Enable Pullup Resistor - OFF = Disable Pullup Resistor

Test Mode Select - DIP Switches 1 & 2 ON = Test Mode

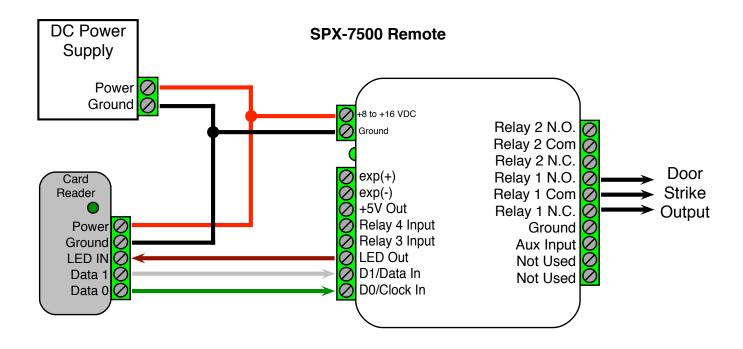
# of EXP-2000 Pairs	Link Type Select	Interface Type Select	
6 7 8 - (Run Mode)	3 4 5 - (Config Mode)	6 7 8 - (Config and Test Mode)	
0 0 0 - None	0 0 0 - No Change	0 0 0 - No Change	
0 0 1 - 1 Pair	1 0 0 - RS485	0 0 1 - Wiegand	
0 1 0 - 2 Pairs		0 1 0 - Wiegand No Filter	
0 1 1 - 3 Pairs		0 1 1 - Strobed Rising (MR5)	
1 0 0 - 4 Pairs		1 0 0 - Strobed Rising (Dorado 644)	
1 0 1 - 5 Pairs		1 0 1 - Strobed Rising (Mag-Tek)	
1 1 0 - 6 Pairs		1 1 0 - Strobed Falling	
1 1 1 - 7 Pairs N	IOTE - 0 = OFF - 1 = ON	1 1 1 - Unsupervised F/2F	

- The DIP Switch selections in Run Mode and Test Mode are ACTIVE, meaning that they can be changed on the fly without power cycling the unit.
- The DIP Switch selections in Configuration Mode are NOT ACTIVE. This means to set Configuration Mode setting the unit will need to be powered off, turn DIP 1 on and other Configuration DIP Switches as needed, power the unit on and the Status LED will be solid green. The solid green LED means the settings have been set. Power the unit off and return the DIP Switches to the Run Mode positions.
- When using the Remote unit with digital relay inputs the relays are controlled by the "not used" pins on the 10 pin header. Connect the outside "not used" pin to "Ground" to trigger Relay 3. Connect the inside "not used" pin to "Ground" to trigger Relay 4.
- When using the Remote unit with analog relay inputs the relays are controlled by the "Relay 3 in" and "Relay 4 in" pins. Connect "Relay 3 in" to "Ground" to trigger Relay 3. Connect "Relay 4 in" to "Ground" to trigger Relay 4.
- -The Remote Relay Mode Select (Dip Switch 2 in Run Mode) is only used on the Central unit, and has no functionality on the Remote unit.

Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Quick Reference For Typical Connections



In this wiring example, the door strike follows a dry contact input from the access control panel. See page 15 for other strike control options.



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Troubleshooting

No Communication

When the Central and/or Remote unit is not communicating with its partner, the status LED will flash green/red. To troubleshoot communication issues, check the following:

· Power:

- · Both units must be powered.
- Ensure proper power requirements are met: Unregulated Input 8 to 16Vdc @ 300mA max.

· Installation:

- Ensure the RS-485 connection between the Central and Remote unit is straight through, not reversed.
- Ensure the two conductors are not broken. This can be tested by twisting the two conductors together at one end and testing continuity between the two conductors at the other end. If there is continuity between the two conductors then the cable is good.
- Ensure the Central and Remote unit are connected with the proper RS-485 port. The RS-485 port on the 8 pin header is for the EXP-2000 expansion modules. The RS-485 port for communication between the Central and Remote is on the 2 pin header located on the same side as the 10 pin header.
- Ensure the cable being used for connection between the Central and Remote is the proper type of cable for the distance between the Central and Remote locations.

· Configuration:

- Ensure both Suprex units are set to the correct link type. (see Configuration Mode, pgs. 7-9)
- Ensure Suprex units are properly configured as a Central and Remote pair. (see pgs. 25-26)

No Data / Invalid Data

If the access control panel is not receiving valid data, check the following:

Basic Equipment Check:

- Ensure the reader and the access control panel data port are functional by directly connecting the reader to the data port and passing card data.
- Check Suprex circuit boards for any signs of visual damage, such as burnt traces, burnt components, or browning of the PCB; these usually indicate misapplied power.

Wiring:

- Ensure there is a common ground between the Remote unit and the card reader.
- Ensure there is a common ground between the Central unit and the access control panel.
- Ensure Wiegand data wires are correctly connected and not reversed.

Configuration:

- Ensure both Suprex units are set to the correct interface type. (see Configuration Mode, pgs. 7-9)
- Ensure the access control panel is properly configured for the selected data format.
- **Data Voltage:** For a Wiegand connection, ensure Data 0 and Data 1 pins on Central and Remote units are at 5V relative to ground. The data pins can be as low as 4.4V before failing. If any Wiegand data pin is less than 4.4V, it is necessary to identify which device is pulling down the voltage.
 - Disconnect the Suprex from the reader/panel.
 - Maintain power on the Suprex and the reader/panel.
 - Independently measure the voltages of the Wiegand data pins of the Suprex, and of the reader/panel. If one or both devices have 4.3V or less, try enabling the pullup resistors on the Suprex by turning on DIP switch 5.
 - If internal pullup resistors do not work, try external pullup resistors (through-hole resistor 500ohms 2Kohms). To install external pullup resistors, place one end of the through-hole resistor into the +5Vdc pin on the Suprex unit; place the other end in the low-voltage Wiegand data pin. (see pg. 5)

Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - Overview

The Cypress SPX-7500 provides additional data channels to support access control hardware such as door strikes, tamper alarms, request to exit status, etc. These signals are sent to and from the Central and Remote units without the need to run additional wiring. We refer to these data channels as Accessory I/O. Accessory I/O data channels include Relay 1, Relay 2, Relay 3, Relay 4, LED, and AUX. Refer to the following pages (14-21) for details of each Accessory I/O operation and connection. Below is a table of the Accessory I/O pairs.

Relay I/O

The Relay I/O use active low inputs. When the Relay Inputs are floating (nothing connected) the inputs are set at 5V and the corresponding Relay Outputs will have continuity between COM and N.C. When the Relay Input is set to 0Volts (Ground) the input will activate the corresponding Relay Output. The Relay Outputs will have continuity between COM and N.O. when the relay is activated and will hold this state for as long as the Relay Input is set to 0Volts. The Relay Inputs can be tested by making a jumper connection to ground and monitoring the change in continuity of the Relay Outputs.

Relay 3 functions as an Supervision relay when DIP switch 4 is on in Run Mode; a Supervision relay monitors the condition of the communication link between the Central and Remote units. While in Supervision mode, Relay 3 is activated when the communication link between the Central and Remote is established and functioning. Relay 3 will deactivate (Alarm condition) when either the Relay 3 Input on the remote is active (pulled low) OR the Remote unit is unable to communicate with the Central unit. See APPLICATION NOTE FOR DETAILS.

LED and AUX I/O

The LED and AUX I/O use active low inputs. When the inputs are floating (nothing connected) the associated output will be set to a high level (5V). When the input is set to 0Volts (Ground) the input will activate its associated output. All Accessory outputs are Open Collector type and will switch to Ground when activated and will hold this state as long as the input is set to 0Volts. Each input will have an associated output. Inputs can be tested by making a jumper connection to ground and monitoring the associated output.

Accessory I/O Pairs

INPUT	OUTPUT
Relay 1 Input (C)	Relay 1 COM, Relay 1 N.C., Relay 1 N.O. (R)
Relay 2 Input (C)	Relay 2 COM, Relay 2 N.C., Relay 2 N.O. (R)
Relay 3 Input (R)	Relay 3 COM, Relay 3 N.C., Relay 3 N.O. (C)
Relay 4 Input (R)	Relay 4 COM, Relay 4 N.C., Relay 4 N.O. (C)
LED Input (C)	LED Output (R)
Aux Input (R)	Aux Output (C)

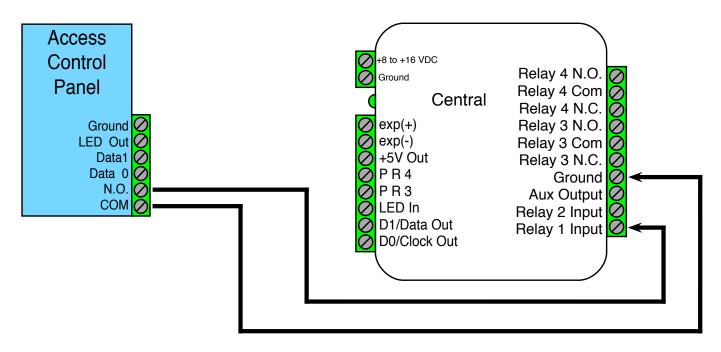
(C) or (R) denotes which board the pin is located on.

Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - Central Relay Inputs

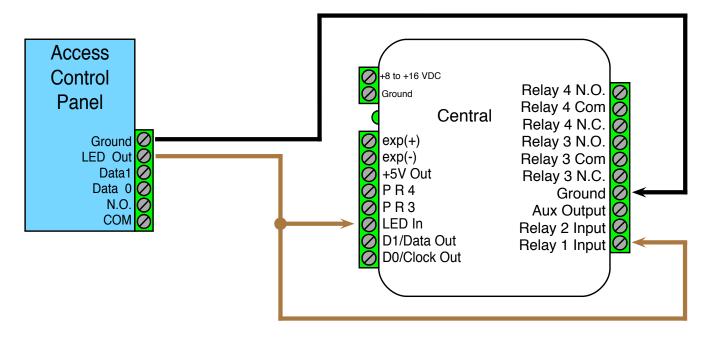
To activate the relay on the Remote unit, connect as shown below. These connections can be used to allow the Remote relay to operate a DOOR STRIKE, GATE, or other locking hardware. The diagram below shows two methods of triggering the relays. The first method uses a dry contact to trigger the relay. The second method shows the LED signal triggering the LEDS.

Relays 1 and 2 are available for accessory outputs at the Remote end. Either relay can be used to provide the Door Strike or Gate Activation function. This example uses Relay 1. The Relay Input pin is normally high (5V). When the Relay Input pin is pulled low (0V) the corresponding relay on the Remote unit will be activated. When the relay is activated, the Relay Output pins will change continuity from N.C. and COM to N.O. and COM (not shown in diagram).

Relay Input Wiring Example - Door Strike Follows Dry Contact



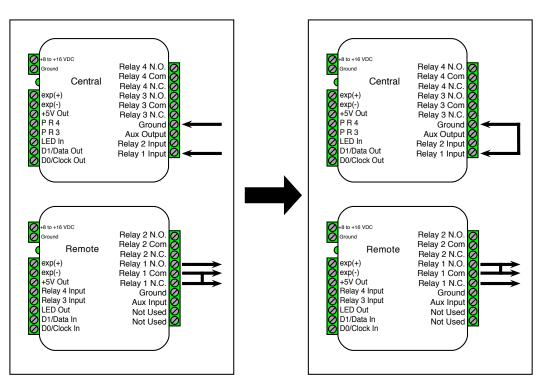
Relay Wiring Example - Door Strike Follows LED



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - Relay 1 & 2 I/O

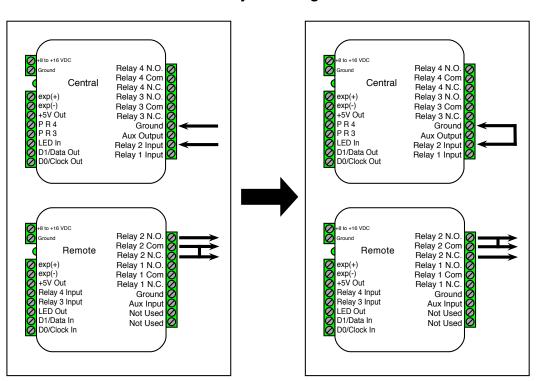
Relay 1 I/O Diagram

The diagram to the right shows how the state of the the Relay 1 Outputs change the as Relay 1 Input is set to 0Volts (connected to Ground) using a jumper connection. The left side shows that when Relay 1 Input is not set to 0Volts, Relay 1 COM and Relay 1 N.C have continuity. The right side shows that when Relay 1 Input is set to 0Volts, Relay 1 COM and Relay 1 N.O. have continuity.



Relay 2 I/O Diagram

The diagram to the right shows how the state of the the Relay 2 Outputs change the as Relay 2 Input is set to 0Volts (connected to Ground) using a jumper connection. The left side shows that when Relay 2 Input is not set to 0Volts, Relay 2 COM and Relay 2 N.C have continuity. The right side shows that when Relay 2 Input is set to 0Volts, Relay 2 COM and Relay 2 N.O. have continuity.



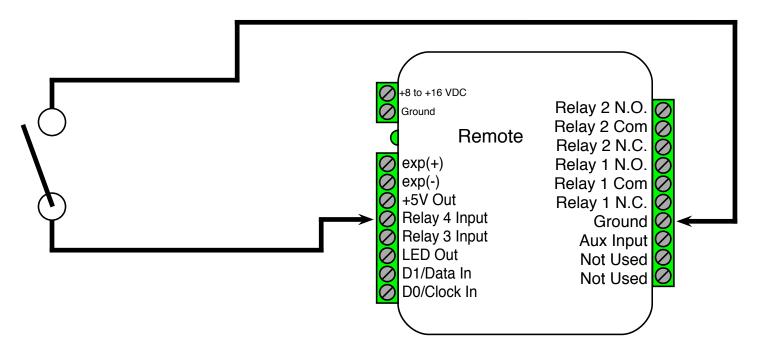
Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - Remote Relay Inputs

To activate the relay on the Central unit, connect as shown below. These connections can be used to operate a REX switch or other signals that need to go to the access panel.

Relays 3 and 4 are available for accessory outputs at the Central end. Either Relay 3 or Relay 4 can be used. This example uses Relay 4. The Relay Input pin is normally high (5V). When the Relay Input pin is pulled low (0V) the corresponding relay on the Remote unit will be activated. When the relay is activated, the relay output pins will change continuity from N.C. and COM to N.O. and COM (not shown in diagram).

Relay 3 can used to send signals to the access panel while Supervision mode is active, but it is important to remember that the outputs will be reversed. When Supervision mode is active and the Relay 3 Input pin is normal (5V) the relay output pins will have continuity between N.O. and COM. When Supervision mode is active and the Relay 3 Input pin is active (0V) the relay output pins will have continuity between N.C. and COM.

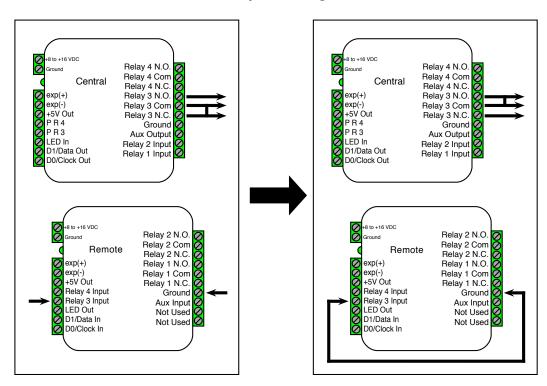
Relay Wiring Example - REX Switch



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - Relay 3 & 4 I/O

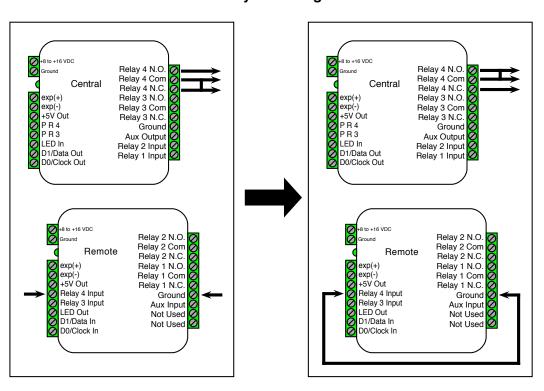
Relay 3 I/O Diagram

This diagram shows how the state of the the Relav 3 Outputs change as the Relay 3 Input is set to OVolts (connected to Ground) using a jumper connection. The left side shows that when Relav 3 Input is not set to 0Volts, Relay 3 COM and Relay 3 N.C have continuity. The right side shows that when Relay 3 Input is set to OVolts, Relay 3 COM and Relay 3 N.O. have continuity.



Relay 4 I/O Diagram

This diagram shows how the state of the the Relay 4 Outputs change as the Relay 4 Input is set to OVolts (connected to Ground) using a jumper connection. The left side shows that when Relay 4 Input is not set to 0Volts, Relay 4 COM and Relay 1 N.C have continuity. The right side shows that when Relay 4 Input is set to OVolts, Relay 4 COM and Relay 4 N.O. have continuity.



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Using the Remote Digital Relay Inputs

This section applies only to the Remote unit, as the Central unit has only digital relay inputs. DIP switch 2 controls whether the Remote unit uses the analog relay inputs or the digital relay inputs. By default, DIP switch 2 is off and the Remote unit is set to use the analog relay inputs. When DIP switch 2 is in the ON position, the Remote unit is set to use the digital relay inputs. The digital relay inputs function in the same way the analog inputs on the Remote unit function. The digital relay inputs simply need to be connected to ground for the corresponding relay to be activated.

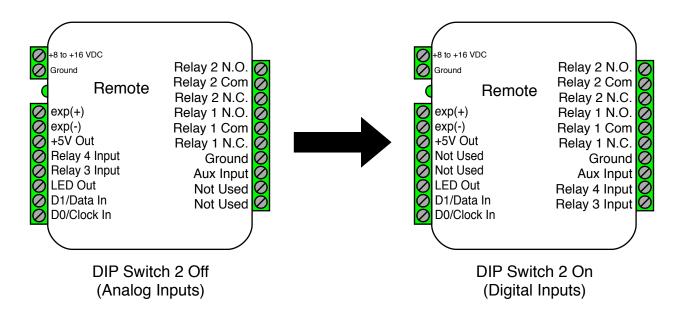
To active the digital relay inputs, only DIP switch 2 on the Central board needs to be enabled. DIP switch 2 on the Remote board has no function. It may be necessary to power-cycle the Central unit for the change to take effect.

Note: The digital relay input pins are not the same Relay 3 and Relay 4 input pins labeled on the Remote unit. Instead, the digital relay input pins use the two "Not Used" pins on the 10 pin header. The "Not Used" pin on the outside of the board is the new Relay 3 input pin, the other "Not Used" pin is the new Relay 4 input pin. Use the diagram below as a reference.

For most applications the analog relay inputs are sufficient. But for instances where a significant delay is noticed in the activation of Relay 3 and Relay 4, the end user should switch to using digital relay inputs. The digital relay input pins are able to detect a signal change faster than the analog inputs are, and this may eliminate the delay in the activation of the relay.

Note regarding EXP units: While DIP switch 2 is on and the digital relay input pins are enabled on the SPX-7500 units, the digital relay inputs are also enabled on any EXP-2000 Remote units that are connected. The digital relay input pins are on the 12 pin header and are the two "Not Used" pins. The outside "Not Used" pin is the Relay 3 Input pin and the other "Not Used" pin is the Relay 4 Input pin.

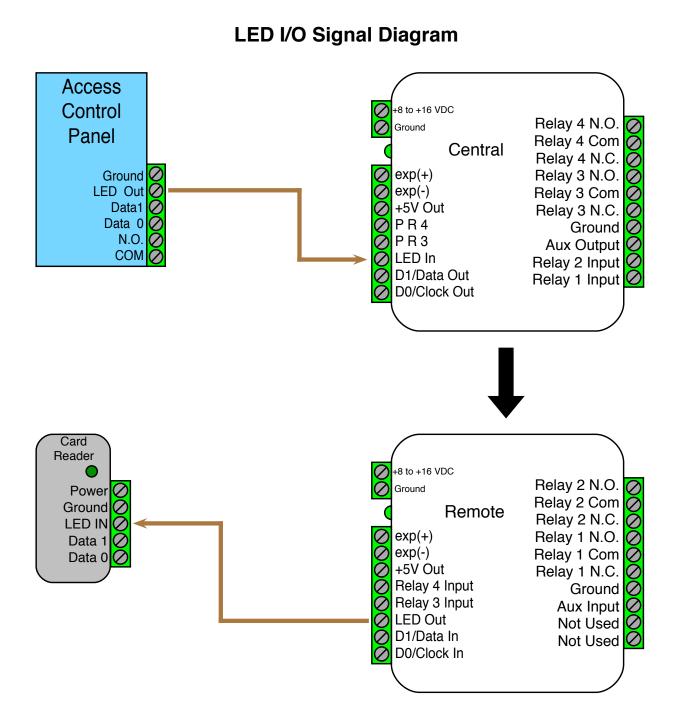
Analog and Digital Relay Input Pins



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - LED I/O

For access control panels with a LED Output signal, the SPX-7500 is able to transmit this signal to the reader with the LED Input and LED Output pins. The LED In pin is a digital input and the LED Out pin is a digital output. The LED In pin has two states, 5V (high or normal) and 0V (low or active). The LED Out pin will mirror the state of the LED In pin.

The LED I/O Signal Diagram below shows how this signal is passed through he SPX-7500.



Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Accessory I/O - AUX I/O

The SPX-7500 has an auxiliary I/O signal going from the reader side to the panel side. The SPX-7500 is able to transmit this signal to the panel with the AUX Input and AUX Output pins. The AUX In pin is a digital input and the AUX Out pin is a digital output. The AUX In pin has two states, 5V (high or normal) and 0V (low or active). The AUX Out pin will mirror the state of the AUX In pin.

The AUX I/O Signal Diagram below shows how this signal is passed through the SPX-7500.

AUX I/O Signal Diagram Access Control +8 to +16 VDC Relay 4 N.O. Ground Panel Relay 4 Com Central Relay 4 N.C. Ground 0 exp(+)Relay 3 N.O. Input 2 exp(-) Relay 3 Com Data1 +5V Out Relay 3 N.C. Data 0 PR4 Ground N.O. PR3 Aux Output COM LED In Relay 2 Input D1/Data Out Relay 1 Input D0/Clock Out Card Reader +8 to +16 VDC Relay 2 N.O. Ground Power 2 Relay 2 Com Ground 📿 Remote Relay 2 N.C. Output 🕢 exp(+) Relay 1 N.O. Data 1 exp(-) Relay 1 Com Data 0 +5V Out Relay 1 N.C. Relay 4 Input Ground Relay 3 Input Aux Input LED Out Not Used D1/Data In Not Used D0/Clock In

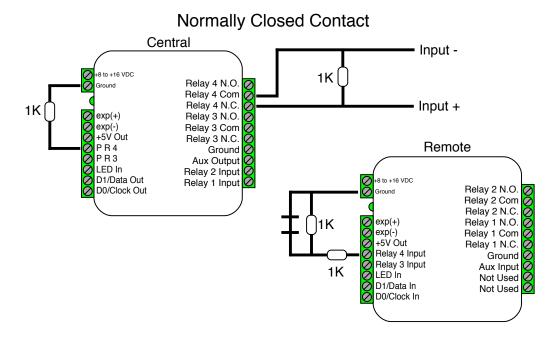
Application Note on using Supervised contacts with the Suprex® RS-485 Series

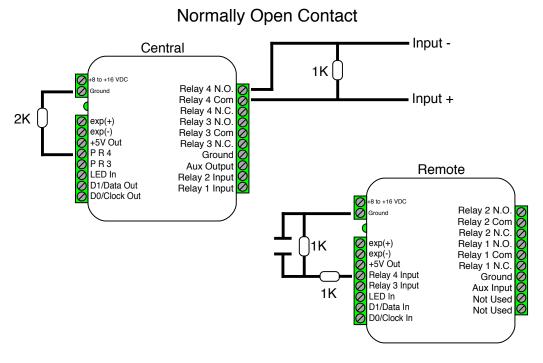
The following applies to these products: SPX-7500.

This application note describes the connections necessary to convey supervised contact status over a Suprex®. The configurations described in this application note should apply to most panels which utilize supervised contacts. When connected as described, the Suprex® provides a supervised signal to the panel interface by reading the supervised status of the contacts connected to the Suprex® Remote unit.

Theory of operation: The access control panel is looking for a certain value of resistance connected to the supervised contact terminals. The Suprex® Central unit will provide these resistance values locally at the panel so that the correct supervised status is maintained. At the same time, the Remote unit must maintain supervision of the wires connected to the relays and switches connected to the remote access point. The contact supervision is provided by the Remote unit. The Suprex® system does this by comparing the value of programming resistor at the Central unit with the resistance seen at the Remote interface terminals. When there is a difference in the two values, the Relay on the Central unit is activated.

There are two different examples. One example is monitoring a normally closed contact at the Remote unit, and the other example is monitoring a normally open contact at the Remote unit. In the examples given, a normally closed contact will require a programming resistor of 1K and a normally open contact will require a programming resistor of 2K. Other resistor values can be used, but 1K resistors are the most common. Other resistance values will require different value(s) for the programming resistor(s).





Cypress Suprex® RS-485 Series - Using EXP-2000 Expansion Modules

EXP-2000 Expansion Modules allow additional readers to connect to the access control panel using a single Suprex® RS-485 link. This is useful at door/gate locations with more than one card reader, such as in/out door readers or high/low gate readers. The Suprex® RS-485 can accommodate a maximum of 8 readers with the use of 7 EXP-2000 Expansion Modules. Each reader requires its own data port on the access control panel.

Before using EXP-2000 Expansion modules with the Suprex® system, it will be necessary to perform a short configuration process. This process determines how many expansion modules will be used with the Suprex® system. Each Suprex® link can support up to 7 expansion modules.

Operation Overview:

The EXP-2000 pair of units is connected to the Suprex® pair of units via an RS-485 connection. The EXP Central units will be daisy-chained off the Suprex® Central RS-485 port (labeled **EXP+** and **EXP-**). The EXP Remote units will be daisy-chained off the Suprex® Remote unit RS-485 port (also labeled **EXP+** and **EXP-**). The only link between the reader/gate location and the panel will be the Suprex® link; in this case, the wired link.

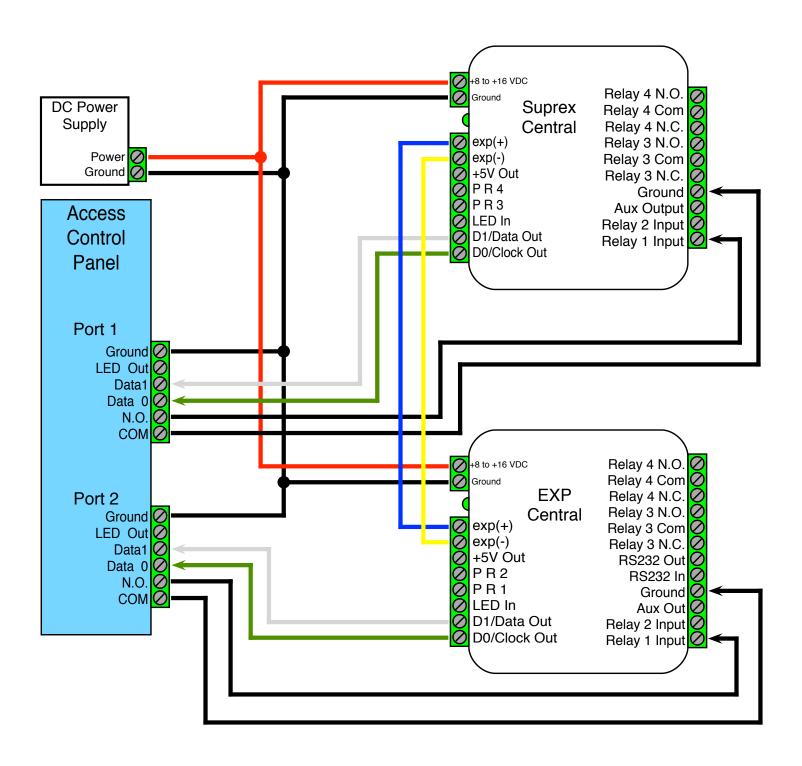
The Suprex® and EXP-2000 Expansion Modules operate on an addressing scheme. The Suprex® pair is always address 0. The first EXP pair will be address 1, the second EXP pair will be address 2, etc. (see pgs. 7-9). When configuring the Suprex® pair to work with the EXPs, the Central and Remote units must be told how many EXP pairs they will be working with. The Central and Remote units of each EXP pair must be configured with their address numbers.

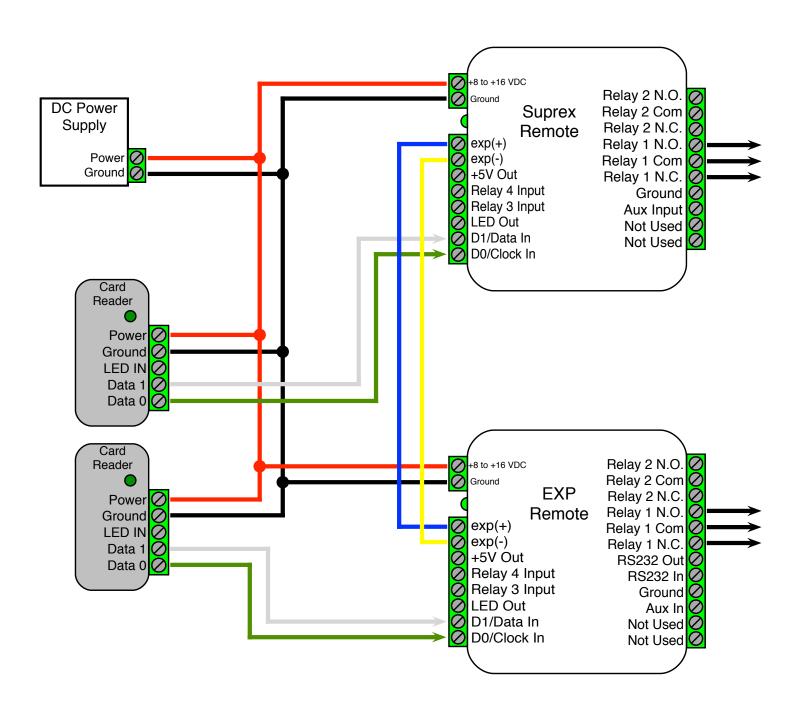
Setup Process: By default, Suprex® units are not configured to accommodate EXP-2000 expansion modules. To reconfigure the Suprex® units, follow this process for both the Central and Remote units.

- The Suprex® Central and Remote units must be configured with the total number of EXP pairs being used.
 - This is configured in the Run Mode settings and is controlled by DIP switches 6, 7, and 8.
 - · Change settings on both the Suprex® Central and Remote units, as shown on pgs 7-9.
- The EXP-2000 Expansion Module pairs need to be properly addressed with their address number.
 - The EXP address is configured by using DIP switches 6, 7, and 8 on the EXP-2000 Central and Remote units.
 - The first EXP pair will be address 1, the second EXP pair will be address 2, etc. (see pgs. 7-9).
 - Set DIP Switch 8 on the EXP Central and Remote units to set to address 1.
 - Set DIP Switch 7 on the EXP Central and Remote units to set to address 2.
- · Connect the EXP Expansion Modules into the system as indicated in the wiring diagrams on pages 23 and 24.

Suprex® Operation with Expansion Modules: Using EXP Expansion Modules does not change the normal function of the Suprex®, with these exceptions:

- EXP Expansion Modules are compatible only with the Wiegand interface type (does not apply to Wiegand No Filter)
- If the Suprex® Supervision relay is enabled, the Supervision relay will deactivate (indicate alarm state) if the communication link fails between the Suprex® pair or ANY of the the EXP pairs. (To enable Supervision relay, see Run Mode settings, pgs. 7-9.)
- LED Indicators with Suprex® Pair:
 - Suprex® Central or Remote status LED is solid green in Run Mode: one or more of the connected EXP units is not communicating properly. Ensure all EXP units are powered and correctly wired.
 - EXP status LED is solid red: EXP unit is not properly communicating with the Suprex® unit. Ensure the Suprex® unit is powered and wired correctly.
 - EXP status LED is flashing green: EXP unit is properly communicating with the Suprex®.
- The EXP-2000 Central and Remote pair will be functionally similar to the standard Cypress SPX-1300 Suprex® system. For more details, see the EXP-2000 manual.





See EXP-2000 Manual for further setup instructions.